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Potential EU & UN policy

on antimicrobial-resistant bacteria and pharmaceuticals in the environment (AMR/PiE)

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Consulted sources

- (PW14) **Proceedings of EU Workshop of 11 September 2014** on the development of a strategic approach to pollution of water by pharmaceutical substances, Helen Clayton, Water Unit, DG Environment, European Commission;
- (RM) Roadmap Strategic approach to pharmaceuticals in the environment, DG ENV C1 and B2, 28/04/2017;
- Response to the Roadmap Strategic approach to pharmaceuticals in the environment, May 26 2017, Stichting Huize Aarde;
- (BD) Background Document for public consultation on pharmaceuticals in the environment Bio Intelligence Service, Milieu Ltd, Ineris and Pr. Klaus Kümmerer September 2017. Interim report for European Commission contract number: 07.0201/2015/721866/SER/ENV.C.1;
- (PW17) **Proceedings of EP Workshop of 29 November 2017** Pharmaceuticals in the Environment by Water & Agriculture Working Group;
- Reply to EU policy proposals PiE 2018; and Additional Comments on the EU Strategic approach to PiE, Stichting Huize Aarde, January 20 2018.
- Recommended sub-goals for the Sustainable Development Goals that also reduce the environmental cycle of medicines and multi-resistant micro-organisms, June 25 2018, Stichting Huize Aarde, The Netherlands.





History of EU AMR/PiE Policy

policy documents	about	policy
COM(2008) 666 finalRegulation (EU) No 1235/2010Directive 2010/84/EU	Pharmacovigilance legislation	Measures needed to monitor risks of pharmaceuticals to the environment and public health.
- COM (2011) 748	Action Plan on Microbial Resistance	Action 8 Reduction of environmental pollution by antimicrobial medicines.
Directive 2000/60/ECDirective 2008/105/ECDirective 2013/39/EU	Water Framework Directive; Water quality standards	Develop strategic approach to PiE (risk assessment and measures)
- Decision No 1386/2013/EU	Environmental Action Programme	Action for non-toxic environment
- 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (UN, 2015)	Sustainable Development Goals	SDG 6 Clean Water and Sanitation

Sources: EU Roadmap 2017; Proceedings of EP Workshop of 29 November 2017





UN Sustainable Development Goals* & AMR/PiE I

Theme of SDG Theme of subgoals By SHA recommended sub-goals



3.5 Substance abuse

3.9 Hazardous chemicals

3.5 Reduce addiction to medicines.

3.9 Categorise all medicines as potentially hazardous chemicals.

3.10 By 2030 halve no. of deaths and illnesses caused by irresponsible use of medicines.



6.3 Water quality

6.3 Categorise medicines in the environmental cycle as hazardous chemicals, and stop their discharge.



9.4 Sustainable industries 9.4 Include environmentally friendly production of medicines in import conditions.

9.5 R&D research

9.5 More R&D to intercept the environmental cycle of medicines at the early stages of the product chain.





UN Sustainable Development Goals & AMR/PiE II

Theme of SDG

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

Theme of subgoals

11.6 Waste management

By SHA recommended sub-goals

11.6 Promoting a source oriented approach to AMR/PiE.



12.4 Environmental sound management of chemicals

12.5 Generation of waste12.6 Sustainable practicesof transnational companies12.8 Information andawareness

12.4.1 Categorise medicines in the environmental cycle as hazardous chemicals.

12.4.2 Communicate AMR/PiE as unwanted, and formulate a package of measures.

12.5 Include medicines in this sub-objective.

12.6 Include pharmaceutical companies and apply this goal also to imported medicines.

12.8 Divulge relevant information about the environmental cycle of medicines.





UN Sustainable Development Goals & AMR/PiE III

Theme SDG

Theme of subgoals By SHA recommended subgoals



14.1 Marine pollution

14.1 Combating marine pollution by including persistent medicines in the targets.



15.5 Degradation of natural habitats

15.5.1 Include the harmful influence of chemicals such as medicines on the quality of biodiversity.
15.5.2 Improve quality of STP effluent reaching nature reserves

15.5.3 Convert agriculture and aquaculture near natural areas to organic farming.

Source: Recommended sub-goals for the Sustainable Development Goals that also reduce the environmental cycle of medicines and multi-resistant micro-organisms, June 25 2018, Stichting Huize Aarde, The Netherlands.





Objectives of AMR/PiE Strategy

- 1. Address the potentially harmful impacts on environment and public health at EU Level (RM);
- Propose measures to be taken at Union and/or Member State level (RM);
- 3. Take non-legislative measures for EU guidance and information ("no specific policy proposals or commitments will be made") (RM);
- 4. Consider, inter alia, the opportunities for innovation (RM);
- 5. Address pharmaceuticals in the environment generally: in water and soil (RM);
- 6. Obtain better knowledge of the issue through research, monitoring and reporting (BD);
- 7. Include policy options relating to the whole lifecycle of pharmaceuticals (RM);
- 8. Prefer source control over end-of-pipe solutions (PW17);
- 9. Identify sustainable production, consumption and disposal in line with circular economy (BD);
- 10. Safeguard access to effective and appropriate pharmaceutical treatments (RM);
- 11. Maintain competitiveness of EU healthcare system (BD);
- 12. Publish Strategy as a "Commission Communication" (RM).





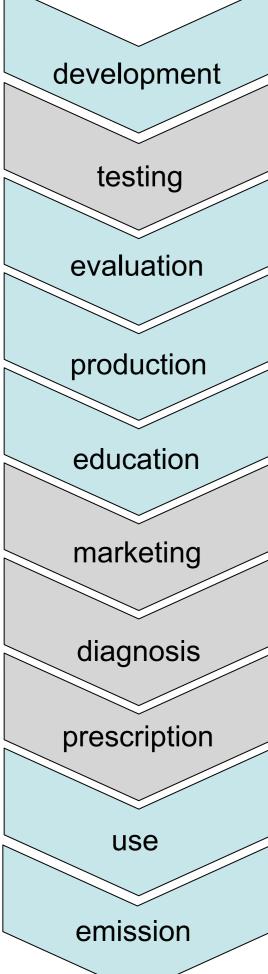
Ten main action areas in the life cycle of pharmaceuticals

Source: EU Background Document, 2017

Designing "greener" Design Promoting more substances effective treatment of waste water, manure and 3. Ensuring the scientific sludge robustness, consistency Waste treatment **Authorisation** and transparency of risk and reuse assessments Whole life-Ensuring appropriate cycle 4. Ensuring the collection and 1. Improving our scientific robustness, Collection and disposal understanding of risks Manufacturing consistency and Disposal of waste 10. Promoting better transparency of risk pharmaceuticals overall management assessments **Post** Use Promoting authorisation sustainable use 5. Ensuring environmental risks are Ensuring environmental risks and impacts adequately taken into account and observed post-marketing are identified and translated into mitigation actions



reported



-Green design, option 3



<- (Post-)authorisation ERA, option 1 - 2, 4 - 8, 12 - 18

<- Cleaner production, option 9 -11

<- Training & information option 19 - 20

Proposed EU options allocated to product chain

(Source: EU Background Paper, 2017)

- <- Package size, option 21
- -Waste handling, option 22 23
- <- Treatment of water, sludge and manure, option 24 30



Remarks on proposed EU PiE Strategy

- * 29 out of 30 options formulated are for symptom control.
- * Focus lies on the environment only (8 options about ERA's) and not on environmental cycle.



Why? It is mainly a DG ENV exercise; little collaboration between involved sectors.

* No stimulus for (funding of) innovation of source oriented solutions, except green design.





Proposals might have been diluted

Antibiotic apocalypse: EU scraps plans to tackle drug pollution, despite fears of rising resistance

Leaked documents reveal discarded proposals to ward off antibiotic resistance through closer scrutiny of drug firms



▲ A bin containing empty drug bottles at a pig-fattening farm in Germany. Antibiotic use on farms remains a problem despite the introduction of tighter controls in many European countries. Photograph: Alamy

The EU has scrapped plans for a clampdown on pharmaceutical pollution

The Guardian, June 8 2018





What could be erased or diluted?

2017 Options*	Leaked draft**	Remarks
Options 9 - 11 Re: complementing of agreements (BREF; SRD/EMAS; GMP) on environmental criteria for medicine production in EU.	Replaced by: "the possibility of using procurement policy to encourage greener pharmaceutical design"	 Options 9-11 are about greening production standards & emissions (rather than green design). Could procurement encourage greening of pharmaceuticals? To this day an alternative list of medicines is not available.
Option 20. Re: proposing sustainable use of pharmaceuticals	Replaced by: "prudent use of pharmaceuticals"	The term 'sustainable' may be misinterpreted.
Option 25. Re: monitoring of pharmaceuticals and AMR in emissions by industry, health care and livestock farms.	Deleted	Regular monitoring of hotspots is needed to ensure transparency and effectiveness of measures.

^{*} Options in Background Document 2017





^{**} Following The Guardian, June 8 2018

Upcoming steps regarding AMR/PiE

Sources: Helen Clayton, Policy Officer DG ENV, in email Jan 3 2019; Background Document 2017; Roadmap 2017; Proceedings of EP Workshop of 29 November 2017

EU-Strategy:

- Reporting on the public consultation and stakeholder consultation: early 2019;
- Adopt Strategy by European Commission: before 31 Oct 2019.

EU-legislation:

- Elaborate details regarding implementation of specific options at a later stage (BD; PW17);
- Build on existing comprehensive legislation (RM);
- Take related EU-measures in the Water Framework Directive WFD and Urban Waste Water Directive UWWTD (PW17).



